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IDL AND PYTHON IN ASTRONOMY



Interpreted languages in astronomy

For complex data analysis, we want to:

- Interact with our data —> interpreted language
- Be moderately fast, with an option to be very fast.
- Have the ability to write and test complex code
- Have great astronomy libraries.
- Gain skills relevant for employment.

What are the options and their popularity?

- Python (ranked #1)
- R (ranked #14)
- MATLAB (ranked #16)
- Julia (ranked #30)
- IDL (off the list :-)

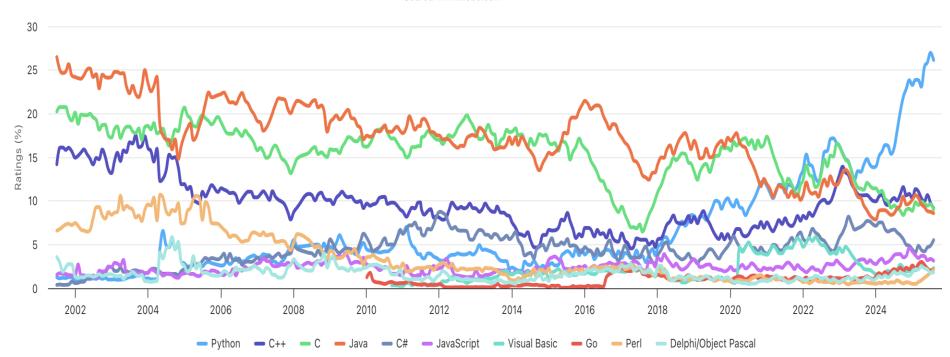
Rankings from http://www.tiobe.com/tiobe-index/ (note: C++/C are #2/3)



What are the options and their popularity?

TIOBE Programming Community Index

Source: www.tiobe.com





IDL – the good and bad

IDL costs (at lot)

IDL is still in many astro work pipelines and legacy codes running (e.g., HST)

Many current astronomers are still using IDL

IDL is like an "oldendays" version of Python with Fortran style under the hood

Many powerful IDL packages exist



Python – the good and bad

Python is free, with the first version with community support python 2.0 (2000).

Python is *minimalist* in many aspects of the language.
There are only a few 10s of keywords in the global namespace (many of which you'd never use).

Python has lightweight object-oriented programming. Lightweight because there is no explicit C++ style declarations (no public, private, virtual, overloaded functions, pointers...)

Python is designed from the ground up for powerful data structures: lists, dictionaries and tuples (and sets).

However, Python requires external modules to have more than basic functionality. If only all useful modules were packaged and available in a neat way...



Use a Python distribution or package manager

- Popular for Mac: macports; Windows/Mac/Unix/Linux: anaconda
- astropy, which is a great general purpose astronomy package.
- Most additional packages can be installed with pip, e.g. pip install astropy
- Given that python is open-source, many packages are on github or other public repositories.



Most Important Packages

Numpy: a set of structures and routines designed to make python roughly as powerful as Matlab.

Scipy: Mostly wrappers for powerful libraries such as binning, special functions, etc.

Matplotlib: A plotting package.

Astropy

All of these are on github, and PyPI (pip install...)

We will also use cfpack, which contains useful wrappers/demos: pip install cfpack



Some getting started

- If you are not a python expert yet:
 - Learn python for fun, e.g.

https://learnpythonthehardway.org/book/